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COVER: A Hawker Siddeley Harrier GR Mk 1 V/STOL close-support aircraft from No 1 Squadron, Wittering, carrying SNEB rockets in Matra launchers on its underwing pylons, heads towards a firing range in Sardinia during an armament practice camp.

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A photo album for enthusiasts

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ABOVE: An RAF Hawker Siddeley Buccaneer fires air-to-surface rockets over a weapons range at sea. The Buccaneer is a long-range, low-level strike and reconnaissance aircraft, and in addition to serving with the RAF at home and in Germany it serves with the Royal Navy and the South African Air Force.

LEFT: Two versions of the American McDonnell Douglas Phantom serve with the RAF – the FG Mk 1 in the air defence role (photo) and the FGR Mk 2 in the ground-attack and reconnaissance roles, while a carrier-based version flies with the Navy. The type is widely used by the US forces and other foreign air arms.

FACING PAGE: A Vought A-7D Corsair II light attack aircraft of the US Air Force approaches the drogue-equipped 'flying boom' of a Boeing KC-135 flight-refuelling tanker. The Corsair II, like the Phantom, saw action in Vietnam and also serves with the US Navy.





Hawker Siddeley Gnat T Mk 1s of the famous Red Arrows aerobatic team from the Central Flying School. This two-seat advanced trainer bridges the gap between the basic trainer and the high-performance front-line aircraft of the RAF, and features exceptionally docile handling characteristics matched with a high rate of roll and climb.



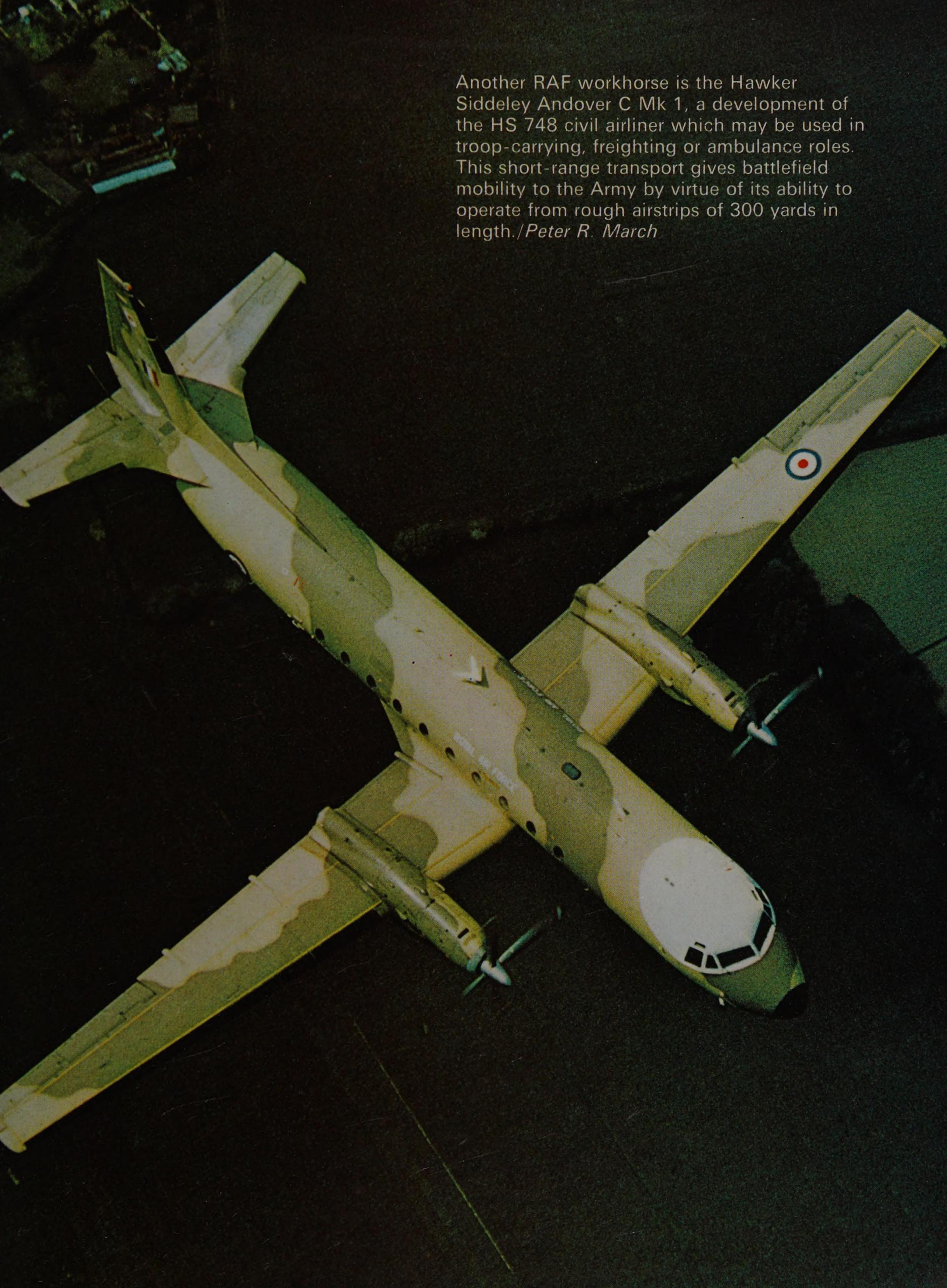


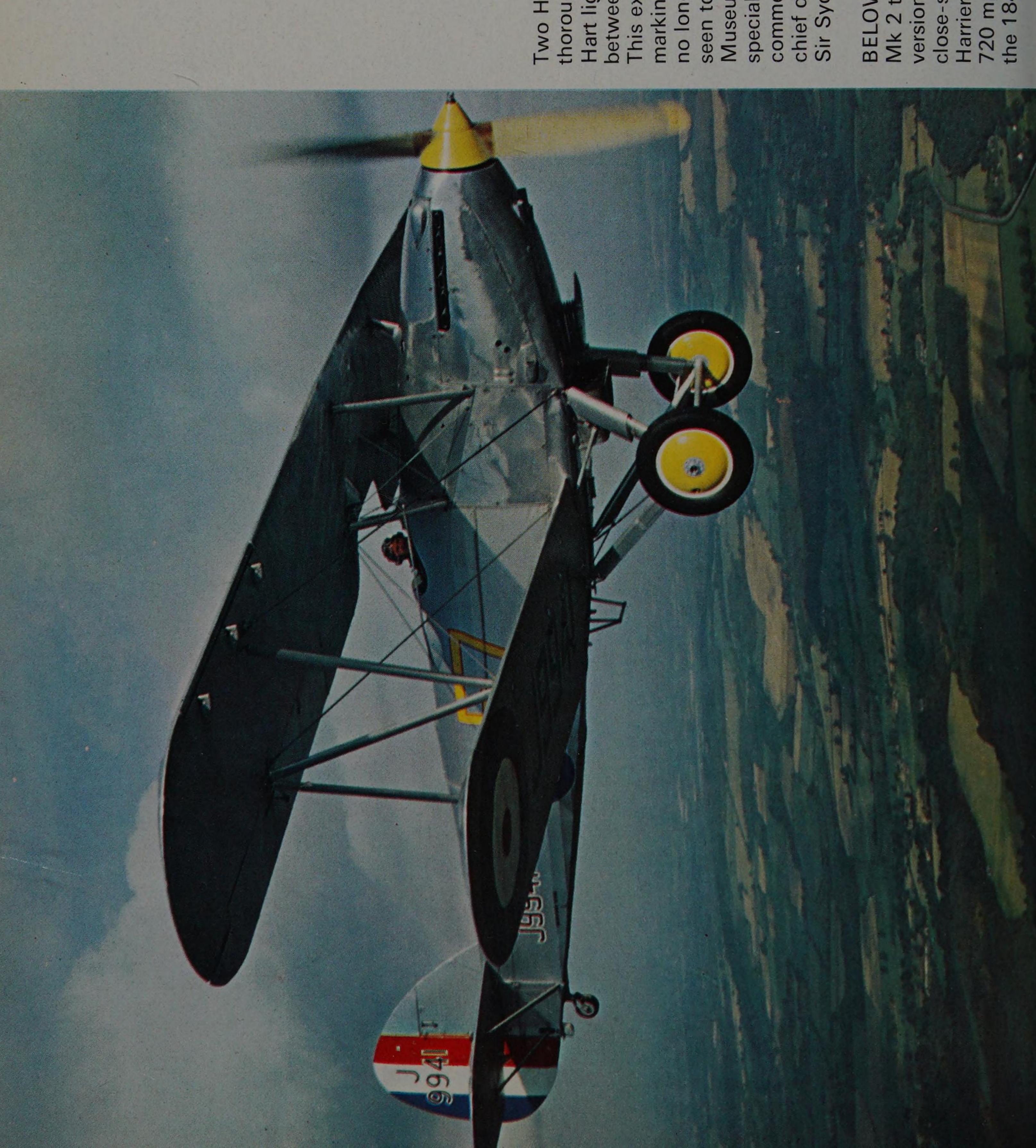


The type is no longer in French front-line service, but Israel is believed to have a few still in use at the time of writing. J. J. Wynne

supersonic capability, the French Dassault Super Mystère B2 first flew in 1955 and 180 were built before production ceased in 1959.







Two Hawker thoroughbreds. LEFT: The Hart light bomber of between-the-wars fame. This example, wearing the markings of 57 Squadron, no longer flies but can be seen today in the RAF Museum at Hendon in the special gallery commemorating Hawker's chief designer, the late Sir Sydney Camm.

BELOW: The Harrier T
Mk 2 two-seat trainer
version of the V/STOL
close-support aircraft. The
Harrier has a top speed of
720 mph compared with
the 184 mph of the Hart.







RIGHT: One of a dozen BAC Strikemasters bought by Kuwait, this aggressive-looking ground attack/trainer is finished in typical Middle Eastern light brown top camouflage

BELOW: A SEPECAT
Jaguar releases a 1000
Ib retarded bomb during
weapon delivery trials
made from West Freugh,
Scotland. The AngloFrench Jaguar is being

produced in the singleseat tactical strike and two-seat training forms for both the RAF and the French Air Force. Both versions are supersonic at all altitudes.





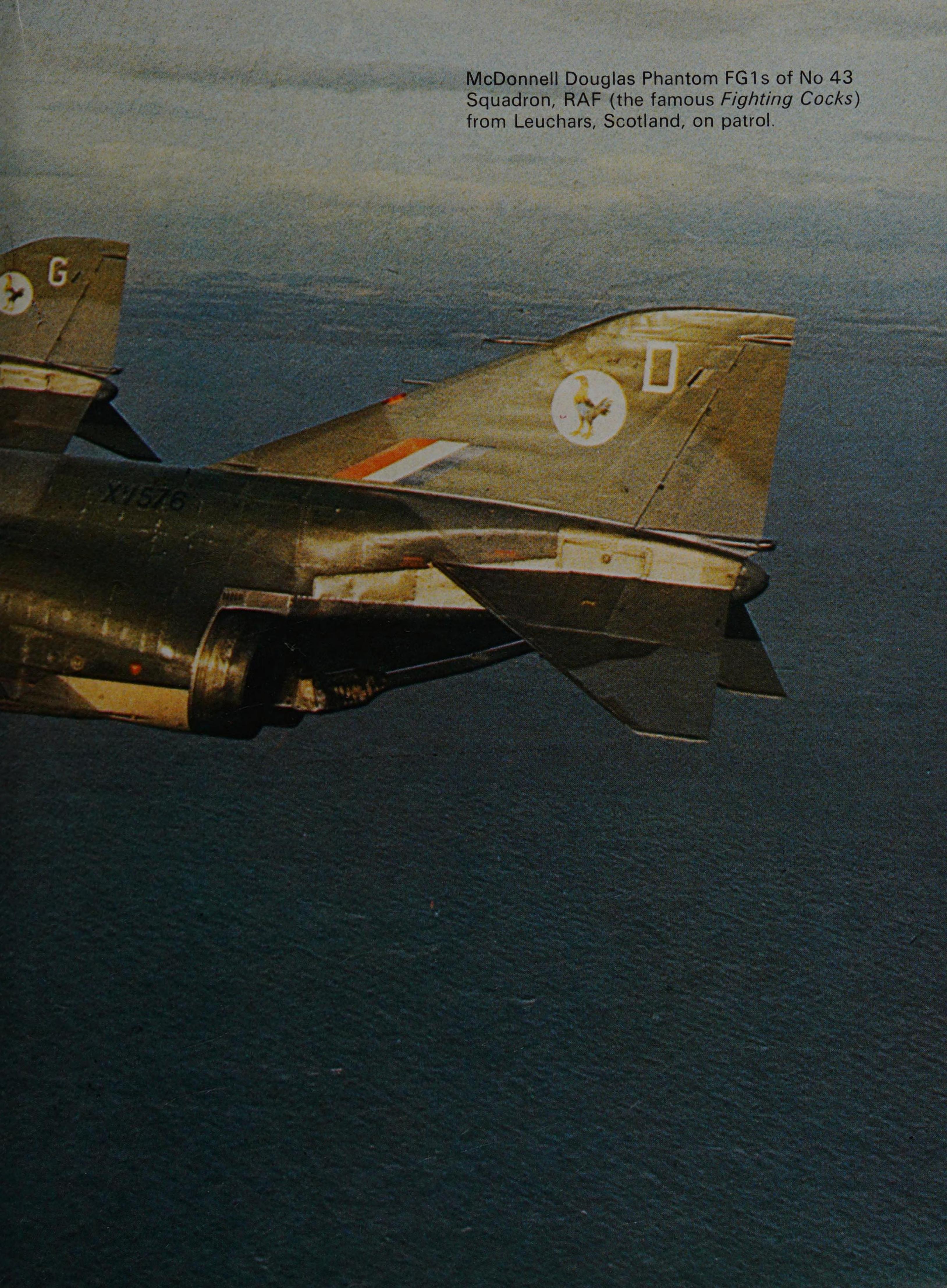


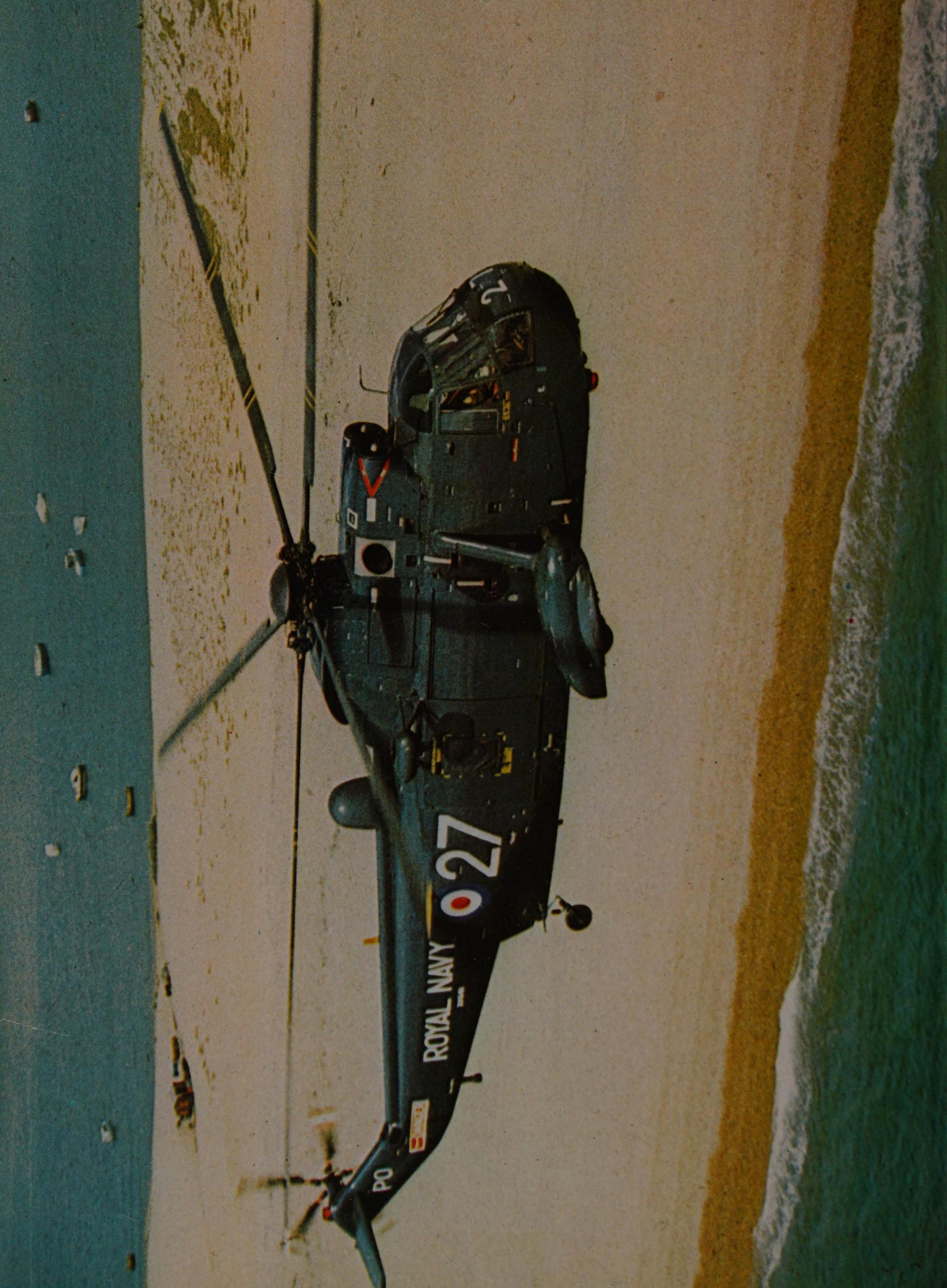


One of the greatest aircraft of all time – and in every sense of the word – is the Boeing B-52 Stratofortress long-range strategic bomber used by Strategic Air Command since June 1955 and still a key element of America's nuclear deterrent capability.











submarine-hunters

Royal Navy on patrol in addition to its basic AS Portland. Dorsal hump houses often used for search King (licence-built March of the rescue duties./Peter is and Westland role the Sea King SH-3D) search radar, RNAS Sikorsky

BOTTOM: Now in service with the US Navy, the Lockheed S-3A Viking is a four-seat twin-jet shipboard AS aircraft designed to succeed the twin-piston-engined Grumman S-2 Tracker. Various combinations of torpedoes, bombs, depth charges and air-to-surface missiles can be carried in the internal weapons hav and on underwing pylons.

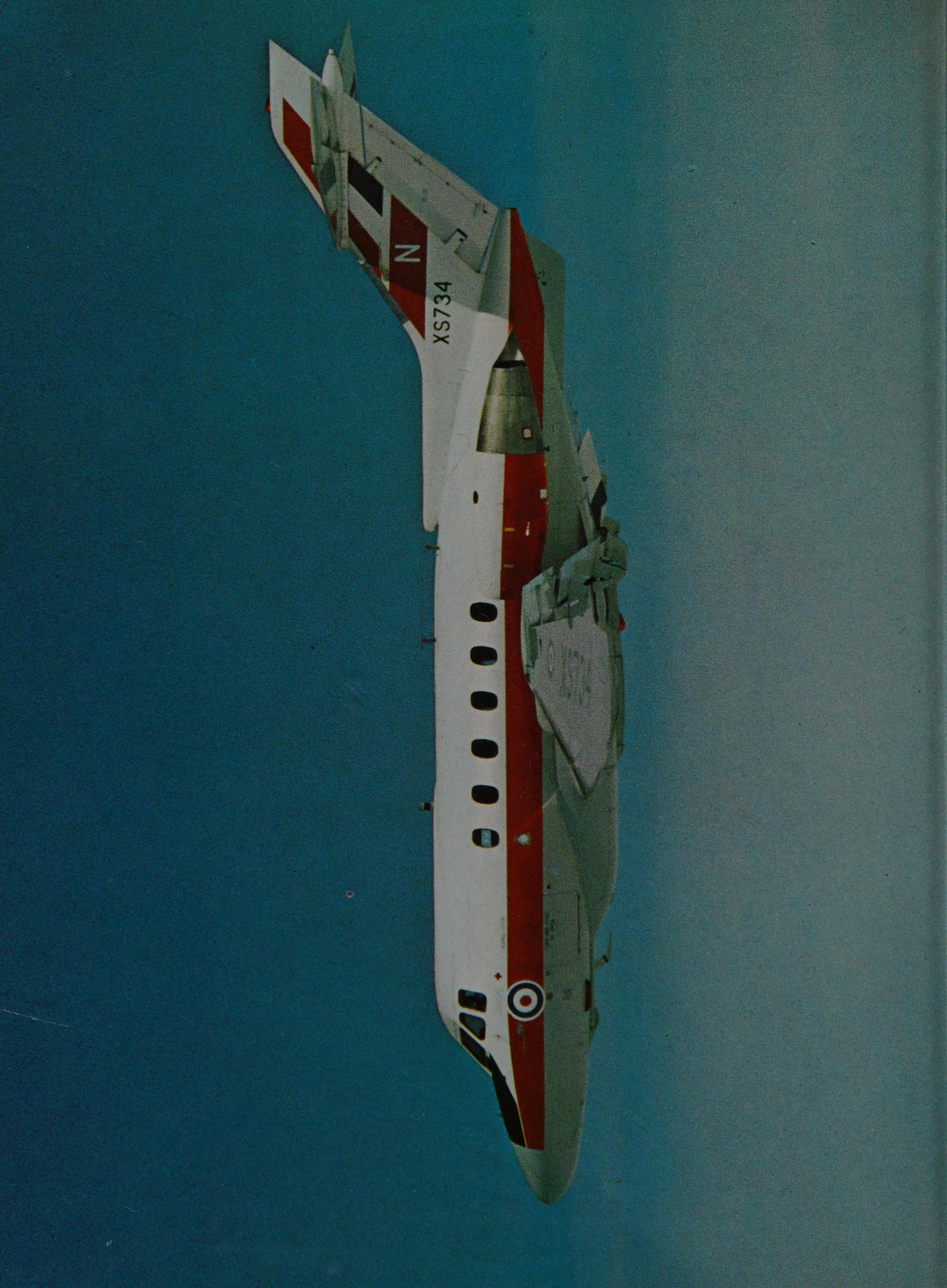




ABOVE: A Handley Page Victor K Mk 1A tanker refuels a Hawker Siddeley Buccaneer long-range, low-level strike and reconnaissance aircraft of No 12 Squadron from RAF Honington, Suffolk.

LEFT: As a follow-up to the 'double-delta' Draken, Saab's imaginative designers have produced for the Swedish Air Force the canard AJ 37 Viggen, combining Mach 2 speed with short take-off capability





ABOVE: The twin-jet Hawker Siddeley Dominie is a military version of the HS 125 executive jet and is used by the RAF as a navigation trainer. It enables students to be trained in more realistic conditions by filling the gap between the older 200 mph pistonengined Vickers Varsity and

operational flying in modern high performance jets of 600 mph or more./Peter R. March

BELOW: A Hawker Hunter FGA9 of No 45 Squadron from Wittering which is used for training pilots for the RAF's new Jaguar tactical strike

fighter. Winged camel badge commemorates the fact that No 45 Squadron flew the famous Sopwith Camel fighter in World War I. This aircraft has the low-visibility camouflage introduced in the RAF in 1973.



The English Electric Canberra was the first jet bomber to enter RAF service and although it has been phased out of the bombing role, the RAF still uses it for such tasks as photographic reconnaissance, radar training and target-towing. Illustrated is a T4 crew trainer from No 231 Operational Conversion Unit, RAF Cottesmore.





Military version of the Beagle B.206C, the Basset was a versatile and rugged twin-piston-engined light plane used until 1974 by the RAF for communications (seating up to six passengers), light freighting or ambulance work. In the latter role it could carry one stretcher case together with a medical attendant./Peter R. March



ABOVE: A Hawker Hurricane and two Supermarine Spitfires from the RAF's famed Battle of Britain Memorial Flight at Coltishall, Norfolk.

BELOW: Trio of US Marine Corps combat aircraft comprises a Phantom II fighter and Skyhawk attack aircraft, manufactured by McDonnell Douglas, and a V/STOL Harrier in which this same company has US licence rights







The immortal Spitfire and Hurricane have already been illustrated in this book so here now is their famed adversary of the Battle of Britain, the Messerschmitt Bf 109E. This beautifully restored example was forced down at Manston, Kent, in November 1940 and later flew in RAF colours for evaluation purposes before going into storage. Today it is owned by the RAF Museum — although not

currently on display at Hendon — having been refurbished by RAF St Athan to represent an aircraft of 1/JG51. The 'Emil', as the 109E was known, was the *Luftwaffe*'s standard single-seat fighter for the first three years of the war, and during the Battle of Britain it accounted for most of the 1172 aircraft lost by RAF Fighter Command./Stuart Howe







